HEBREW LANGUAGE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

REPORT REQUIRED BY
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

AND

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)



Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Hebrew Language Academy Charter School

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hebrew Language Academy Charter School, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2019, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Hebrew Language Academy Charter School as of June 30, 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Hebrew Language Academy Charter School's June 30, 2018 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated October 19, 2018. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Report Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2019 on our consideration of Hebrew Language Academy Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hebrew Language Academy Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 29, 2019

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

		Jun	e 30,	
<u>ASSETS</u>		2019		2018
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$	2,185,195	\$	1,542,109
Grants and other receivables	Ψ	402,393	Ψ	477,031
Due from related parties		29,371		21,907
Prepaid expenses		28,793		294,410
TOTAL CURRENT ASSI	ETS	2,645,752		2,335,457
OTHER ASSETS				
Property and equipment, net		412,477		538,350
Cash in escrow		71,092		71,112
Deposits		269,520		212,859
	_	753,089	_	822,321
TOTAL ASSI	ETS <u>\$</u>	3,398,841	\$	3,157,778
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
CURDENT LIADILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES A account moveble	\$	220 622	\$	269 450
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits	Þ	228,633 448,659	Ф	268,459 405,655
Due to Charter Management Organization		339,561		204,384
Due to related parties		134,039		204,364
Deferred revenue		21,588		40,312
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILIT	TIES	1,172,480	_	918,810
				•
DEFERRED LEASE LIABILITY		461,400		520,800
TOTAL LIABILIT	TES	1,633,880		1,439,610
NET ACCETC				
NET ASSETS Without donor restrictions		1,764,961		1,718,168
without dollor restrictions		1,/04,901		1,/10,100
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSI	ETS <u>\$</u>	3,398,841	\$	3,157,778

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

		Year ended June 30,	
		2019	2018
Operating revenue and support:			
State and local per pupil operating r	evenue	\$ 13,252,997	\$ 12,882,198
Governmental grants and contracts		735,034	691,525
Other revenue		914	20,910
	TOTAL REVENUE AND SUPPORT	13,988,945	13,594,633
Expenses: Program services:			
Regular education		10,212,202	9,149,908
Special education		2,716,700	2,095,440
	TOTAL PROGRAM SERVICES	12,928,902	11,245,348
Management and general		1,013,250	1,015,787
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	13,942,152	12,261,135
	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	46,793	1,333,498
Net assets at beginning of year		1,718,168	384,670
	NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,764,961	\$ 1,718,168

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

					ed June 30,		
				2019			2018
			Program Services		Supporting Services	_	
	No. of positions June 30, 2019	Regular Education	Special Education	Sub-total	Management and general	Total	Total
Personnel services costs: Administrative staff personnel Instructional personnel Non-instructional personnel	9 70 1	\$ 260,548 4,172,747 3,167	\$ 35,805 1,174,619 667	\$ 296,353 5,347,366 3,834	\$ 414,393	\$ 710,746 5,347,366 3,834	\$ 643,996 4,357,596
TOTAL PERSONNEL SERVICES COSTS	80	4,436,462	1,211,091	5,647,553	414,393	6,061,946	5,001,592
Fringe benefits & payroll taxes Retirement Management company fees Legal services Accounting / audit services Other purchased / professional / consulting services Occupancy Repair and maintenance Insurance Utilities Supplies / materials Staff development Marketing / recruitment		1,142,855 41,479 676,246 - 288,180 1,851,860 218,693 53,120 162,046 295,722 276,260 48,304	311,984 11,323 184,606 - 71,347 505,531 59,700 14,501 44,236 62,285 60,408 10,512	1,454,839 52,802 860,852 - 359,527 2,357,391 278,393 67,621 206,282 358,007 336,668 58,816	106,750 3,875 63,166 41,524 113,034 17,032 172,975 20,427 4,962 15,136 - 3,328 507	1,561,589 56,677 924,018 41,524 113,034 376,559 2,530,366 298,820 72,583 221,418 358,007 339,996 59,323	1,210,715 59,079 597,751 31,849 82,890 626,487 2,530,266 270,827 75,329 213,206 320,715 280,398 31,939
Technology Food service Student service Office expense Depreciation and amortization Miscellaneous		48,304 4,533 229,962 208,691 61,398 213,967 2,424 \$ 10,212,202	955 48,435 43,954 16,761 58,410 661 \$ 2,716,700	58,816 5,488 278,397 252,645 78,159 272,377 3,085 \$ 12,928,902	15,929 19,986 226 \$ 1,013,250	5,488 278,397 252,645 94,088 292,363 3,311 \$ 13,942,152	31,939 39,612 245,152 267,686 97,659 271,568 6,415 \$ 12,261,135

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

	Year ended June 30,	
-	2019	2018
CASH FLOWS - OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Change in net assets \$	46,793	\$ 1,333,498
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash		
provided from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	292,363	271,568
Changes in certain assets and liabilities affecting operations:		
Grants and other receivables	74,638	(158,065)
Due from related parties	(7,464)	(21,907)
Prepaid expenses	265,617	(5,216)
Deposits	(56,661)	-
Accounts payable	(39,826)	57,510
Accrued payroll and benefits	43,004	39,865
Due to Charter Management Organization	135,177	84,470
Due to related parties	134,039	-
Deferred revenue	(18,724)	39,260
Deferred lease liability	(59,400)	(59,400)
NET CASH PROVIDED FROM		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	809,556	1,581,583
CASH FLOWS - INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of property and equipment	(166,490)	(216,293)
Decrease (increase) in cash in escrow	20	(195)
NET CASH USED FOR		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(166,470)	(216,488)
NET INCREASE IN CASH	643,086	1,365,095
Cash at beginning of year	1,542,109	177,014
CASH AT END OF YEAR \$		\$ 1,542,109

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

NOTE A: THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Charter School

Hebrew Language Academy Charter School (the "Charter School"), is an education corporation operating as a charter school in the Borough of Brooklyn, New York. The Charter school opened in 2009 with a charter for a term of 5 years, granted by the Board of Regents and the Board of Trustees of the University of the State of New York, on behalf of the State Education Department. In March 2015 the charter was renewed through June 30, 2019. In May 2019, the charter was renewed for a second time and will expire on June 30, 2022.

The Charter School provides students with the academic and personal foundation necessary to successfully pursue advanced studies and achieve continued personal growth as ethical and informed global citizens. In order to accomplish this, the Charter School offers an academically rigorous curriculum which includes daily instruction in the Hebrew language.

Basis of accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Classification of net assets

To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the Charter School, the accounts of the Charter School are maintained in accordance with the principles of accounting for not-for-profit organizations. This is the procedure by which resources are classified for reporting purposes into net asset groups, established according to their nature and purpose. Accordingly, all financial transactions have been recorded and reported by net asset group.

The assets, liabilities, activities, and net assets are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. The Board of Trustees has discretionary control to use these in carrying on operations in accordance with the guidelines established by the Charter School.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets subject to donor (or certain grantor) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both. The Charter School had no net assets with donor restrictions at June 30, 2019 or 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Cont'd

JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

NOTE A: THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Cont'd

Revenue and support recognition

Revenue from state and local governments resulting from the Charter School's charter status and based on the number of students enrolled is recorded when services are performed in accordance with the charter agreement.

Revenue from federal, state and local government grants and contracts are recorded by the Charter School when qualifying expenditures are incurred and billable or the requirements of the grant are met.

Contributions are recognized as revenue in the year the pledge is received and documented.

<u>Contributions</u>

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenues in the period received. All donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities and changes in net assets as net assets released from restrictions.

Cash

Cash balances are maintained at a financial institution located in New York and are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 at that institution. In the normal course of business, the cash account balances at any given time may exceed insured limits. However, the Charter School has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to significant risk in cash.

Cash in escrow

The Charter School maintains cash in an escrow account, pursuant to its Charter Agreement, to pay off expenses in the event of dissolution of the Charter School. The amount in escrow was approximately \$71,000 at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Grants and other receivables

Grants and other receivables are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts based on its assessment of the current status of individual receivables from grants, agencies and others. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off against the allowance for doubtful accounts. There was no allowance for doubtful accounts at June 30, 2019 or 2018.

Due from related parties

The Charter School has an amount due from other charter schools that are in the same network. The charter schools share other services in which the related parties reimburse the Charter School for these expenses. The amounts due were approximately \$29,400 and \$21,900 at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Cont'd

JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

NOTE A: THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Cont'd

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method on a basis considered adequate to depreciate the assets over their estimated useful lives which range from three to seven years.

Deferred lease liability

The Charter School leases its facility. The lease contains significant pre-determined fixed escalations of the base rent. In accordance with GAAP, the Charter School recognizes the related rent expense on a straight-line basis and records the difference between the recognized rental expense and the amounts paid under the lease as a deferred lease liability. The amount of additional rent paid in excess of rent expense under the lease was \$59,400 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Due to related parties

The Charter School receives meal subsidies from the federal and state governments on behalf of all the charter schools in the network. The amount due to the other charter schools was approximately \$134,000 at June 30, 2019. There were no amounts due to related parties at June 30, 2018.

Deferred revenue

The Charter School records grant revenue as deferred revenue until it is expended for the purpose of the grant at which time it is recognized as revenue.

Tax exempt status

The Charter School is a tax-exempt organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable state regulations and, accordingly, is exempt from federal and state taxes on income.

The Charter School files Form 990 tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction. The tax returns for the years ended June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2019 are still subject to potential audit by the IRS. Management of the Charter School believes it has no material uncertain tax positions and, accordingly it will not recognize any liability for unrecognized tax benefits.

Contributed services

The Charter school receives contributed services from volunteers to develop its academic program and to serve on the Board of Trustees. In addition, the Charter School received donated transportation services, office equipment, computers, classroom equipment, and speech, occupational and physical therapy services that were provided for the students from the local district. The Charter School was unable to determine a value for these services.

In-kind contributions

Gifts and donations other than cash are recorded at fair market value at the date of contribution. There were no in-kind contributions received during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Cont'd

JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

NOTE A: THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Cont'd

Marketing costs

The Charter School expenses marketing costs as they are incurred. Total marketing and recruiting costs approximated \$59,300 and \$31,900 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Use of estimates in the preparation of financial statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Comparatives for year ended June 30, 2018

The financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative information in total but not by functional classification. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Charter School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018, from which the summarized information was derived.

Change in accounting principle

During August 2016 FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-14 "Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities". The main provisions of ASU 2016-14 require a Not-For-Profit (NFP) to:

- 1) Present on the face of the statement of financial position amounts for two classes of net assets at the end of the period, rather than three classes. That is, an NFP will report amounts for *net assets with donor restrictions* and *net assets without donor restrictions*, as well as the currently required amount for total net assets.
- 2) Present on the face of the statement of activities the amount of the change in each of the two classes of net assets (noted in item 1) rather than that of the required three classes as in prior years. An NFP would continue to report the currently required amount of the change in total net assets for the period.
- 3) Continue to present on the face of the statement of cash flows the net amount for operating cash flows using either the direct or indirect method of reporting but no longer require the presentation or disclosure of the indirect method (reconciliation) if using the direct method.
- 4) Provide enhanced disclosures about:
 - a) Composition of net assets with donor restrictions at the end of the period and how the restrictions affect the use of resources.
 - b) Qualitative information that communicates how a NFP manages its liquid resources available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year of the statement of financial position date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Cont'd

JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

NOTE A: THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Cont'd

- c) Quantitative information, and additional qualitative information, that communicates the availability of an NFP's financial assets at the statement of financial position date to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year of the statement of financial position date. Availability of a financial asset may be affected by (1) its nature, (2) external limits imposed by donors, grantors, laws, and contracts with others, and (3) internal limits imposed by Board of Trustee decisions.
- d) Amounts of expenses by both their natural classification and their functional classification. That analysis of expenses is to be provided in one location.
- e) Method(s) used to allocate costs among program and support functions.

ASU 2016-14 is effective for financial statements beginning after December 15, 2017 and was applied retrospectively except for disclosures regarding liquidity and availability of resources, which are presented only for the current year. There was no effect on total assets or changes in net assets. The Charter School has adopted the amendments effective July 1, 2018.

New accounting pronouncements

Revenue from contracts with customers

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued a new standard related to revenue recognition. Under the standard, revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services in an amount that reflects the consideration the entity expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. For nonpublic entities, the guidance in this new standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Charter School is currently evaluating the provisions of this standard to determine the impact the new standard will have on the Charter School's financial position or results of operations.

Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued a new standard related to leases to increase transparency and comparability among entities by requiring the recognition of right-of-use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position. Most prominent among the changes in the standard is the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases under current U.S. GAAP. For nonpublic entities, the guidance in this new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. There has been an exposure draft proposed that would delay the ASU from the initial timetable and, if passed, will take effect for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. The Charter School is currently evaluating the provisions of this standard to determine the impact the new standard will have on the Charter School's financial position or results of operations.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year balances were reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Cont'd

JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

NOTE A: THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Cont'd

Subsequent events

The Charter School has conducted an evaluation of potential subsequent events occurring after the statement of financial position date through October 29, 2019, which is the date the financial statements are available to be issued. No subsequent events requiring disclosure were noted.

NOTE B: LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

The Charter School regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments. The Charter School's main source of liquidity is its cash accounts.

For purposes of analyzing resources available to meet general expenditures over a 12-month period, the Charter School considers all expenditures related to its ongoing activities of teaching, and public service as well as the conduct of services undertaken to support those activities to be general expenditures.

In addition to financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next 12 months, the Charter School operates with a balanced budget and anticipates collecting sufficient revenue to cover general expenditures not covered by donor-restricted resources. Refer to the statement of cash flows which identifies the sources and uses of the Charter School's cash and shows positive cash generated by operations for fiscal year 2019.

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statement of financial position date, comprise the following at June 30, 2019:

	Amount
Cook	¢ 2 105 105
Cash	\$ 2,185,195
Grants and other receivables	402,393
Due from related parties	29,371
Total financial assets available to management	
for general expenditures within one year	\$ 2,616,959

NOTE C: SCHOOL FACILITY

Effective September 28, 2016, the Charter School entered into an eight year lease with Friends of Hebrew Language Academy Charter Schools, Inc. for its facilities through June 30, 2024. The Charter School's base rent for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$215,800 per month. The lease will have escalating payments throughout the term. Rent expense totaled approximately \$2,530,000, for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The Charter School was required to provide a security deposit, which amounted to \$212,859 at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Cont'd

JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

NOTE C: SCHOOL FACILITY, Cont'd

The future minimum payments on this agreement are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount
2020	2,556,000
2021	2,600,400
2022	2,658,000
2023	2,616,000
2024	2,682,000
	\$ 13,112,400

NOTE D: OPERATING LEASE

The Charter School leases office equipment under three non-cancelable lease agreements expiring at various dates through September 2023. Lease expense was approximately \$72,800 and \$44,400, for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The future minimum payments on these agreements are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	<i>A</i>	Amount		
2020	¢	22 160		
2020	\$	23,160		
2021		23,160		
2022		22,420		
2023		10,200		
2024		1,700		
	\$	80,640		

NOTE E: RETIREMENT PLAN

The Charter School has a defined contribution retirement plan which covers substantially all full-time employees. The Charter School contributed a dollar-to-dollar match up to 3% of the employees' compensation. During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Charter School contributed \$56,677 and \$59,079, respectively, for the employer match. There were no administrative fees charged for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Cont'd

JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

NOTE F: CONTINGENCY

Certain grants and contracts may be subject to audit by funding sources. Such audits might result in disallowance of costs submitted for reimbursement by the Charter School. Management is of the opinion that such disallowances, if any, will not have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, no amounts have been provided in the accompanying financial statements for such potential claims.

NOTE G: CONCENTRATIONS

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, approximately 54% and 93%, respectively, of grants and other receivables are due from New York State relating to certain grants.

For both years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, 95% of total operating revenue and support came from per-pupil funding provided by New York State. The per-pupil rate is set annually by the State based on the school district in which the Charter School's students are located.

NOTE H: FIXED ASSETS

Property and equipment consist of the following:

	June 30,		
	2019	2018	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$ 1,515,219	\$ 1,348,729	
Leasehold improvements	315,697	315,697	
	1,830,916	1,664,426	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	1,418,439	1,126,076	
	\$ 412,477	\$ 538,350	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Cont'd

JUNE 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals For 2018)

NOTE I: NET ASSETS

Net assets without donor restrictions are as follows:

	June 30,		
	2019	2018	
Undesignated	\$ 1,352,484	\$ 1,179,818	
Invested in property and equipment	412,477	538,350	
	\$ 1,764,961	\$ 1,718,168	

NOTE J: CHARTER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION

On July 1, 2015, the Charter School entered into an educational services agreement with a charter management organization, National Center for Hebrew Language Charter School Excellence and Development, Inc. ("Hebrew Public") to provide expertise necessary to effectively provide essential programming and services to the Charter School. The agreement continued through June 30, 2019. In April 2018, the agreement was amended to increase the percentage for the 2018-2019 school year. In May 2019, the agreement was renewed through June 30, 2022. The percent of gross revenue used for the calculation is as follows:

	Percentage of
	Gross Revenue
School Year	per Agreement
2018-2019	7.5%
2019-2020	10%
2020-2021	10%
2021-2022	10%

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the expense amounted to approximately \$924,000 and \$597,800, respectively. Amounts due to Hebrew Public relating to the management fee were \$230,920 and \$145,889 at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

An additional \$108,641 is due to Hebrew Public for various other expenses for which the Charter School will reimburse Hebrew Public.

NOTE K: FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributed to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. All expenses that are allocated to more than one program or supporting function are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort.

HEBREW LANGUAGE ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL REPORT REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Hebrew Language Academy Charter School

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Hebrew Language Academy Charter School, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2019 and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hebrew Language Academy Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hebrew Language Academy Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hebrew Language Academy Charter School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hebrew Language Academy Charter School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 29, 2019